# Package: robomit (via r-universe)

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Title Robustness Checks for Omitted Variable Bias

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**Description** Robustness checks for omitted variable bias. The package includes robustness checks proposed by Oster (2019). robomit the estimate i) the bias-adjusted treatment correlation or effect and ii) the degree of selection on unobservables relative to observables (with respect to the treatment variable) that would be necessary to eliminate the result based on the framework by Oster (2019). Additionally, robomit offers a set of sensitivity analysis and visualization functions. See: Oster, E. 2019. <doi:10.1080/07350015.2016.1227711>.

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**Encoding** UTF-8

**Roxygen** list(markdown = TRUE)

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Imports plm, dplyr, ggplot2, broom, tidyr, tibble, stats,

Suggests testthat

Repository https://seschaub.r-universe.dev

RemoteUrl https://github.com/seschaub/robomit

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o\_beta

beta\*

# Description

Estimates beta\*, i.e., the bias-adjusted treatment effect (or correlation) (following Oster 2019).

# Usage

o\_beta(y, x, con, m = "none", w = NULL, id = "none", time = "none", delta = 1, R2max, type, data)

# Arguments

У	Name of the dependent variable (as string).
х	Name of the independent treatment variable (i.e., variable of interest; as string).
con	Name of related control variables. Provided as string in the format: " $w + z +$ ".
m	Name of unrelated control variables (m; see Oster 2019; as string; default is m = "none").
W	weights (only for weighted estimations). Warning: For weighted panel models R can report different R-square than Stata, leading deviation between R and Stata results.
id	Name of the individual id variable (e.g. firm or farm; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
time	Name of the time id variable (e.g. year or month; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
delta	delta for which beta* should be estimated (default is delta = 1).
R2max	Maximum R-square for which beta* should be estimated.
type	Model type (either <i>lm</i> or <i>plm</i> ; as string).
data	Dataset.

# Details

Estimates beta\*, i.e., the bias-adjusted treatment effect (or correlation).

# o\_beta\_boot

#### Value

Returns tibble object, which includes beta\* and various other information.

#### References

Oster, E. (2019) Unobservable Selection and Coefficient Stability: Theory and Evidence. Journal of Business & Economic Statistics, 37, 187-204.

#### Examples

```
# load data, e.g. the in-build mtcars dataset
data("mtcars")
data_oster <- mtcars</pre>
# preview of data
head(data_oster)
# load robomit
require(robomit)
# estimate beta*
                   # dependent variable
o_beta(y = "mpg",
     delta = 1,
                    # delta
     R2max = 0.9,
                     # maximum R-square
     type = "lm", # model type
     data = data_oster) # dataset
```

o\_beta\_boot

Bootstrapped beta\*s

#### Description

Estimates bootstrapped beta\*s, i.e., the bias-adjusted treatment effects (or correlations) (following Oster 2019).

#### Usage

```
o_beta_boot(y, x, con, m = "none", w = NULL, id = "none", time = "none", delta = 1,
R2max, sim, obs, rep, type, useed = NA, data)
```

#### Arguments

У	Name of the dependent variable (as string).
x	Name of the independent treatment variable (i.e., variable of interest; as string).
con	Name of related control variables. Provided as string in the format: " $w + z +$ ".

m	Name of unrelated control variables (m; see Oster 2019; as string; default is m = "none").
W	weights (only for weighted estimations). Warning: For weighted panel models R can report different R-square than Stata, leading deviation between R and Stata results.
id	Name of the individual id variable (e.g. firm or farm; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
time	Name of the time id variable (e.g. year or month; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
delta	delta for which beta*s should be estimated (default is delta = 1).
R2max	Maximum R-square for which beta*s should be estimated.
sim	Number of simulations.
obs	Number of draws per simulation.
rep	Bootstrapping either with (= TRUE) or without (= FALSE) replacement.
type	Model type (either <i>lm</i> or <i>plm</i> ; as string).
useed	User defined seed.
data	Dataset.

Estimates bootstrapped beta\*s, i.e., the bias-adjusted treatment effects (or correlations) (following Oster 2019). Bootstrapping can either be done with or without replacement. The function supports linear cross-sectional (see *lm* objects in R) and fixed effect panel (see *plm* objects in R) models.

#### Value

Returns tibble object, which includes bootstrapped beta\*s.

#### References

Oster, E. (2019). Unobservable Selection and Coefficient Stability: Theory and Evidence. Journal of Business & Economic Statistics, 37, 187-204.

```
# load data, e.g. the in-build mtcars dataset
data("mtcars")
data_oster <- mtcars
# preview of data
head(data_oster)
# load robomit
require(robomit)
# estimate bootstrapped beta*s
o_beta_boot(y = "mpg", # dependent variable</pre>
```

# o\_beta\_boot\_inf

```
# delta
delta = 1,
R2max = 0.9,
              # maximum R-square
sim = 100,
              # number of simulations
obs = 30,
              # draws per simulation
rep = FALSE,
              # bootstrapping with or without replacement
type = "lm",
              # model type
useed = 123,
              # seed
data = data_oster)
                # dataset
```

o\_beta\_boot\_inf

Bootstrapped mean beta\* and confidence intervals

# Description

Provides the mean and confidence intervals of estimated bootstrapped beta\*s, i.e., the bias-adjusted treatment effects (or correlations) (following Oster 2019).

#### Usage

```
o_beta_boot_inf(y, x, con, m = "none", w = NULL, id = "none", time = "none",
delta = 1, R2max, sim, obs, rep, CI, type, useed = NA, data)
```

#### Arguments

у	Name of the dependent variable (as string).
х	Name of the independent treatment variable (i.e., variable of interest; as string).
con	Name of related control variables. Provided as string in the format: "w + z +".
m	Name of unrelated control variables (m; see Oster 2019; as string; default is m = "none").
W	weights (only for weighted estimations). Warning: For weighted panel models R can report different R-square than Stata, leading deviation between R and Stata results.
id	Name of the individual id variable (e.g. firm or farm; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
time	Name of the time id variable (e.g. year or month; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
delta	delta for which beta*s should be estimated (default is $delta = 1$ ).
R2max	Maximum R-square for which beta*s should be estimated.
sim	Number of simulations.
obs	Number of draws per simulation.
rep	Bootstrapping either with (= TRUE) or without (= FALSE) replacement
CI	Confidence intervals, indicated as vector. Can be and/or 90, 95, 99.
type	Model type (either <i>lm</i> or <i>plm</i> ; as string).
useed	User defined seed.
data	Dataset.

Provides the mean and confidence intervals of estimated bootstrapped beta\*s, i.e., the bias-adjusted treatment effects (or correlations) (following Oster 2019). Bootstrapping can either be done with or without replacement. The function supports linear cross-sectional (see *lm* objects in R) and fixed effect panel (see *plm* objects in R) models.

# Value

Returns tibble object, which includes the mean and confidence intervals of estimated bootstrapped beta\*s.

#### References

Oster, E. (2019). Unobservable Selection and Coefficient Stability: Theory and Evidence. Journal of Business & Economic Statistics, 37, 187-204.

# Examples

```
# load data, e.g. the in-build mtcars dataset
data("mtcars")
data_oster <- mtcars
# preview of data</pre>
```

head(data\_oster)

# load robomit
require(robomit)

 $\ensuremath{\texttt{\#}}$  compute the mean and confidence intervals of estimated bootstrapped beta\*s

o\_beta\_boot\_viz Visualization of bootstrapped beta\*s

#### Description

Estimates and visualizes bootstrapped beta\*s, i.e., the bias-adjusted treatment effects (or correlations) (following Oster 2019).

#### Usage

```
o_beta_boot_viz(y, x, con, m = "none", w = NULL, id = "none", time = "none",
delta = 1, R2max, sim, obs, rep, CI, type, norm = TRUE, bin,
col = c("#08306b","#4292c6","#c6dbef"), nL = TRUE, mL = TRUE, useed = NA, data)
```

# Arguments

у	Name of the dependent variable (as string).
x	Name of the independent treatment variable (i.e., variable of interest; as string).
con	Name of related control variables. Provided as string in the format: "w + z +".
m	Name of unrelated control variables (m; see Oster 2019; as string; default is m = "none").
W	weights (only for weighted estimations). Warning: For weighted panel models R can report different R-square than Stata, leading deviation between R and Stata results.
id	Name of the individual id variable (e.g. firm or farm; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
time	Name of the time id variable (e.g. year or month; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
delta	delta for which beta*s should be estimated (default is $delta = 1$ ).
R2max	Maximum R-square for which beta*s should be estimated.
sim	Number of simulations.
obs	Number of draws per simulation.
rep	Bootstrapping either with (= TRUE) or without (= FALSE) replacement
CI	Confidence intervals, indicated as vector. Can be and/or 90, 95, 99.
type	Model type (either <i>lm</i> or <i>plm</i> ; as string).
norm	Option to include a normal distribution in the plot (default is norm = TURE).
bin	Number of bins used in the histogram.
col	Colors used to indicate different confidence interval levels (indicated as vector). Needs to be the same length as the variable CI. The default is a blue color range.
nL	Option to include a red vertical line at 0 (default is $nL = TRUE$ ).
mL	Option to include a vertical line at mean of all beta*s (default is mL = TRUE).
useed	User defined seed.
data	Dataset.

# Details

Estimates and visualizes bootstrapped beta\*s, i.e., the bias-adjusted treatment effects (or correlations) (following Oster 2019). Bootstrapping can either be done with or without replacement. The function supports linear cross-sectional (see *lm* objects in R) and fixed effect panel (see *plm* objects in R) models.

#### Value

Returns ggplot2 object, which depicts the bootstrapped beta\*s.

#### References

Oster, E. (2019). Unobservable Selection and Coefficient Stability: Theory and Evidence. Journal of Business & Economic Statistics, 37, 187-204.

#### Examples

```
o_beta_rsq
```

beta\*s over a range of maximum R-squares

#### Description

Estimates beta\*s, i.e., the bias-adjusted treatment effects (or correlations) (following Oster 2019) over a range of maximum R-squares.

#### Usage

```
o_beta_rsq(y, x, con, m = "none", w = NULL, id = "none", time = "none", delta = 1,
type, data)
```

#### o\_beta\_rsq

#### Arguments

У	Name of the dependent variable (as string).
x	Name of the independent treatment variable (i.e., variable of interest; as string).
con	Name of related control variables. Provided as string in the format: " $w + z +$ ".
m	Name of unrelated control variables (m; see Oster 2019; as string; default is m = "none").
W	weights (only for weighted estimations). Warning: For weighted panel models R can report different R-square than Stata, leading deviation between R and Stata results.
id	Name of the individual id variable (e.g. firm or farm; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
time	Name of the time id variable (e.g. year or month; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
delta	delta for which beta*s should be estimated (default is $delta = 1$ ).
type	Model type (either <i>lm</i> or <i>plm</i> ; as string).
data	Dataset.

# Details

Estimates beta\*s, i.e., the bias-adjusted treatment effects (or correlations) (following Oster 2019) over a range of maximum R-squares. The range of maximum R-squares starts from the R-square of the controlled model rounded up to the next 1/100 to 1. The function supports linear cross-sectional (see *lm* objects in R) and fixed effect panel (see *plm* objects in R) models.

#### Value

Returns tibble object, which includes beta\*s over a range of maximum R-squares.

# References

Oster, E. (2019). Unobservable Selection and Coefficient Stability: Theory and Evidence. Journal of Business & Economic Statistics, 37, 187-204.

```
# load data, e.g. the in-build mtcars dataset
data("mtcars")
data_oster <- mtcars
# preview of data
head(data_oster)
# load robomit
require(robomit)
# estimate delta*s over a range of maximum R-squares
o_beta_rsq(y = "mpg", # dependent variable</pre>
```

```
x = "wt",  # independent treatment variable
con = "hp + qsec",  # related control variables
delta = 1,  # delta
type = "lm",  # model type
data = data_oster)  # dataset
```

```
o_beta_rsq_viz
```

Visualization of beta\*s over a range of maximum R-squares

#### Description

Estimates and visualizes beta\*s, i.e., the bias-adjusted treatment effects (or correlations) (following Oster 2019) over a range of maximum R-squares.

#### Usage

o\_beta\_rsq\_viz(y, x, con, m = "none", w = NULL, id = "none", time = "none", delta = 1, type, data)

#### Arguments

У	Name of the dependent variable (as string).
х	Name of the independent treatment variable (i.e., variable of interest; as string).
con	Name of related control variables. Provided as string in the format: " $w + z +$ ".
m	Name of unrelated control variables (m; see Oster 2019; as string; default is m = "none").
W	weights (only for weighted estimations). Warning: For weighted panel models R can report different R-square than Stata, leading deviation between R and Stata results.
id	Name of the individual id variable (e.g. firm or farm; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
time	Name of the time id variable (e.g. year or month; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
delta	delta for which beta*s should be estimated (default is delta = 1).
type	Model type (either <i>lm</i> or <i>plm</i> ; as string).
data	Dataset.

# Details

Estimates and visualizes beta\*s, i.e., the bias-adjusted treatment effects (or correlations) (following Oster 2019) over a range of maximum R-squares. The range of maximum R-squares starts from the R-square of the controlled model rounded up to the next 1/100 to 1. The function supports linear cross-sectional (see *lm* objects in R) and fixed effect panel (see *plm* objects in R) models.

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o\_delta

# Value

Returns ggplot2 object, which depicts beta\*s over a range of maximum R-squares.

### References

Oster, E. (2019). Unobservable Selection and Coefficient Stability: Theory and Evidence. Journal of Business & Economic Statistics, 37, 187-204.

#### Examples

delta\*

#### Description

Estimates delta\*, i.e., the degree of selection on unobservables relative to observables (with respect to the treatment variable) that would be necessary to eliminate the result (following Oster 2019).

# Usage

```
o_delta(y, x, con, m = "none", w = NULL, id = "none", time = "none", beta = 0, R2max,
type, data)
```

#### Arguments

У	Name of the dependent variable (as string).
х	Name of the independent treatment variable (i.e., variable of interest; as string).
con	Name of related control variables. Provided as string in the format: "w + z +".
m	Name of unrelated control variables (m; see Oster 2019; as string; default is m
	= "none").

W	weights (only for weighted estimations). Warning: For weighted panel models R can report different R-square than Stata, leading deviation between R and Stata results.
id	Name of the individual id variable (e.g. firm or farm; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
time	Name of the time id variable (e.g. year or month; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
beta	beta for which delta* should be estimated (default is beta = $0$ ).
R2max	Maximum R-square for which delta* should be estimated.
type	Model type (either <i>lm</i> or <i>plm</i> ; as string).
data	Dataset.

Estimates delta\*, i.e., the degree of selection on unobservables relative to observables (with respect to the treatment variable) that would be necessary to eliminate the result (following Oster 2019). The function supports linear cross-sectional (see *lm* objects in R) and fixed effect panel (see *plm* objects in R) models.

#### Value

Returns tibble object, which includes delta\* and various other information.

#### References

Oster, E. (2019). Unobservable Selection and Coefficient Stability: Theory and Evidence. Journal of Business & Economic Statistics, 37, 187-204.

```
# load data, e.g. the in-build mtcars dataset
data("mtcars")
data_oster <- mtcars</pre>
# preview of data
head(data_oster)
# load robomit
require(robomit)
# estimate delta*
                        # dependent variable
o_delta(y = "mpg",
       x = "wt",
                            # independent treatment variable
       con = "hp + qsec", # related control variables
                            # beta
       beta = 0,
                       # maximum R-square
# model type
       R2max = 0.9,
        type = "lm",
        data = data_oster) # dataset
```

o\_delta\_boot

#### Description

Estimates bootstrapped delta\*s, i.e., the degree of selection on unobservables relative to observables (with respect to the treatment variable) that would be necessary to eliminate the result (following Oster 2019).

#### Usage

o\_delta\_boot(y, x, con, m = "none", w = NULL, id = "none", time = "none", beta = 0, R2max, sim, obs, rep, type, useed = NA, data)

#### Arguments

У	Name of the dependent variable (as string).
x	Name of the independent treatment variable (i.e., variable of interest; as string).
con	Name of related control variables. Provided as string in the format: "w + z +".
m	Name of unrelated control variables (m; see Oster 2019; as string; default is m = "none").
W	weights (only for weighted estimations). Warning: For weighted panel models R can report different R-square than Stata, leading deviation between R and Stata results.
id	Name of the individual id variable (e.g. firm or farm; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
time	Name of the time id variable (e.g. year or month; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
beta	beta for which delta*s should be estimated (default is beta = $0$ ).
R2max	Maximum R-square for which delta*s should be estimated.
sim	Number of simulations.
obs	Number of draws per simulation.
rep	Bootstrapping either with (= TRUE) or without (= FALSE) replacement.
type	Model type (either <i>lm</i> or <i>plm</i> ; as string).
useed	User defined seed.
data	Dataset.

# Details

Estimates bootstrapped delta\*s, i.e., the degree of selection on unobservables relative to observables (with respect to the treatment variable) that would be necessary to eliminate the result (following Oster 2019). Bootstrapping can either be done with or without replacement. The function supports linear cross-sectional (see *lm* objects in R) and fixed effect panel (see *plm* objects in R) models.

# Value

Returns tibble object, which includes bootstrapped delta\*s.

# References

Oster, E. (2019). Unobservable Selection and Coefficient Stability: Theory and Evidence. Journal of Business & Economic Statistics, 37, 187-204.

# Examples

```
# load data, e.g. the in-build mtcars dataset
data("mtcars")
data_oster <- mtcars</pre>
# preview of data
head(data_oster)
# load robomit
require(robomit)
# estimate bootstrapped delta*s
o_delta_boot(y = "mpg",
                      # dependent variable
# independent treatment variable
           x = "wt",
           con = "hp + qsec", # related control variables
           useed = 123,
                             # seed
           data = data_oster) # dataset
```

o\_delta\_boot\_inf

```
Bootstrapped mean delta* and confidence intervals
```

# Description

Provides the mean and confidence intervals of bootstrapped delta\*s, i.e., the degree of selection on unobservables relative to observables (with respect to the treatment variable) that would be necessary to eliminate the result (following Oster 2019).

# Usage

```
o_delta_boot_inf(y, x, con, m = "none", w = NULL, id = "none", time = "none",
beta = 0, R2max, sim, obs, rep, CI, type, useed = NA, data)
```

#### Arguments

У	Name of the dependent variable (as string).
x	Name of the independent treatment variable (i.e., variable of interest; as string).
con	Name of related control variables. Provided as string in the format: " $w + z +$ ".
m	Name of unrelated control variables (m; see Oster 2019; as string; default is m = "none").
W	weights (only for weighted estimations). Warning: For weighted panel models R can report different R-square than Stata, leading deviation between R and Stata results.
id	Name of the individual id variable (e.g. firm or farm; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
time	Name of the time id variable (e.g. year or month; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
beta	beta for which delta*s should be estimated (default is beta = $0$ )
R2max	Maximum R-square for which delta*s should be estimated.
sim	Number of simulations.
obs	Number of draws per simulation.
rep	Bootstrapping either with (= TRUE) or without (= FALSE) replacement
CI	Confidence intervals, indicated as vector. Can be and/or 90, 95, 99.
type	Model type (either <i>lm</i> or <i>plm</i> ; as string).
useed	User defined seed.
data	Dataset.

# Details

Provides the mean and confidence intervals of bootstrapped delta\*s, i.e., the degree of selection on unobservables relative to observables (with respect to the treatment variable) that would be necessary to eliminate the result (following Oster 2019). Bootstrapping can either be done with or without replacement. The function supports linear cross-sectional (see *lm* objects in R) and fixed effect panel (see *plm* objects in R) models.

#### Value

Returns tibble object, which includes the mean and confidence intervals of bootstrapped delta\*s.

# References

Oster, E. (2019). Unobservable Selection and Coefficient Stability: Theory and Evidence. Journal of Business & Economic Statistics, 37, 187-204.

# Examples

```
# load data, e.g. the in-build mtcars dataset
data("mtcars")
data_oster <- mtcars</pre>
# preview of data
head(data_oster)
# load robomit
require(robomit)
# compute the mean and confidence intervals of estimated bootstrapped delta*s
beta = 0,
                               # beta
              R2max = 0.9, # maximum R-square
sim = 100. # number of simula
              sim = 100,
                               # number of simulations
              obs = 30,
                               # draws per simulation
              rep = FALSE,
                               # bootstrapping with or without replacement
              CI = c(90,95,99), # confidence intervals
type = "lm", # model type
              type = "lm",
              useed = 123,
                                # seed
              data = data_oster) # dataset
```

o\_delta\_boot\_viz Visualization of bootstrapped delta\*s

#### Description

Estimates and visualizes bootstrapped delta\*s, i.e., the degree of selection on unobservables relative to observables (with respect to the treatment variable) that would be necessary to eliminate the result (following Oster 2019).

# Usage

```
o_delta_boot_viz(y, x, con, m = "none", w = NULL, id = "none", time = "none",
beta = 0, R2max, sim, obs, rep, CI, type, norm = TRUE, bin,
col = c("#08306b","#4292c6","#c6dbef"), nL = TRUE, mL = TRUE, useed = NA, data)
```

#### Arguments

У	Name of the dependent variable (as string).
х	Name of the independent treatment variable (i.e., variable of interest; as string).
con	Name of related control variables. Provided as string in the format: "w + z +".
m	Name of unrelated control variables (m; see Oster 2019; as string; default is m = "none").

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W	weights (only for weighted estimations). Warning: For weighted panel models R can report different R-square than Stata, leading deviation between R and Stata results.
id	Name of the individual id variable (e.g. firm or farm; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
time	Name of the time id variable (e.g. year or month; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
beta	beta for which delta*s should be estimated (default is beta = $0$ ).
R2max	Maximum R-square for which delta*s should be estimated.
sim	Number of simulations.
obs	Number of draws per simulation.
rep	Bootstrapping either with (= TRUE) or without (= FALSE) replacement
CI	Confidence intervals, indicated as vector. Can be and/or 90, 95, 99.
type	Model type (either <i>lm</i> or <i>plm</i> ; as string).
norm	Option to include a normal distribution in the plot (default is norm = TURE).
bin	Number of bins used in the histogram.
col	Colors used to indicate different confidence interval levels (indicated as vector). Needs to be the same length as the variable CI. The default is a blue color range.
nL	Option to include a red vertical line at 0 (default is $nL = TRUE$ ).
mL	Option to include a vertical line at beta* mean (default is $mL = TRUE$ ).
useed	User defined seed.
data	Dataset.

Estimates and visualizes bootstrapped delta\*s, i.e., the degree of selection on unobservables relative to observables (with respect to the treatment variable) that would be necessary to eliminate the result (following Oster 2019). Bootstrapping can either be done with or without replacement. The function supports linear cross-sectional (see *lm* objects in R) and fixed effect panel (see *plm* objects in R) models.

# Value

Returns ggplot2 object, which depicts the bootstrapped delta\*s.

# References

Oster, E. (2019). Unobservable Selection and Coefficient Stability: Theory and Evidence. Journal of Business & Economic Statistics, 37, 187-204.

# Examples

```
# load data, e.g. the in-build mtcars dataset
data("mtcars")
data_oster <- mtcars</pre>
# preview of data
head(data_oster)
# load robomit
require(robomit)
# estimate and visualize bootstrapped delta*s
beta = 0,
                                # beta
               R2max = 0.9, # maximum R-square
sim = 100, # number of simulations
                             # draws per simulation
# bootstrapping with or without replacement
               obs = 30,
               rep = FALSE,
               CI = c(90,95,99), # confidence intervals
type = "lm", # model type
               type = "lm", # model type
- TRUE # normal distribution
               bin = 200,
                                  # number of bins
               useed = 123,
                                  # seed
               data = data_oster) # dataset
```

```
o_delta_rsq
```

delta\*s over a range of maximum R-squares

# Description

Estimates delta\*s, i.e., the degree of selection on unobservables relative to observables (with respect to the treatment variable) that would be necessary to eliminate the result (following Oster 2019) over a range of maximum R-squares following Oster (2019).

#### Usage

```
o_delta_rsq(y, x, con, m = "none", w = NULL, id = "none", time = "none", beta = 0,
type, data)
```

### Arguments

У	Name of the dependent variable (as string).
х	Name of the independent treatment variable (i.e., variable of interest; as string).
con	Name of related control variables. Provided as string in the format: "w + z +".
m	Name of unrelated control variables (m; see Oster 2019; as string; default is m = "none").

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W	weights (only for weighted estimations). Warning: For weighted panel models R can report different R-square than Stata, leading deviation between R and Stata results.
id	Name of the individual id variable (e.g. firm or farm; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
time	Name of the time id variable (e.g. year or month; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
beta	beta for which delta*s should be estimated (default is beta = $0$ ).
type	Model type (either <i>lm</i> or <i>plm</i> ; as string).
data	Dataset.

Estimates delta\*s, i.e., the degree of selection on unobservables relative to observables (with respect to the treatment variable) that would be necessary to eliminate the result (following Oster 2019) over a range of maximum R-squares. The range of maximum R-squares starts from the R-square of the controlled model rounded up to the next 1/100 to 1. The function supports linear cross-sectional (see *lm* objects in R) and fixed effect panel (see *plm* objects in R) models.

# Value

Returns tibble object, which includes delta\*s over a range of maximum R-squares.

#### References

Oster, E. (2019). Unobservable Selection and Coefficient Stability: Theory and Evidence. Journal of Business & Economic Statistics, 37, 187-204.

o\_delta\_rsq\_viz

# Description

Estimates and visualizes delta\*s, i.e., the degree of selection on unobservables relative to observables (with respect to the treatment variable) that would be necessary to eliminate the result (following Oster 2019) over a range of maximum R-squares.

# Usage

```
o_delta_rsq_viz(y, x, con, m = "none", w = NULL, id = "none", time = "none", beta = 0,
type, data)
```

#### Arguments

У	Name of the dependent variable (as string).
x	Name of the independent treatment variable (i.e., variable of interest; as string).
con	Name of related control variables. Provided as string in the format: " $w + z +$ ".
m	Name of unrelated control variables (m; see Oster 2019; as string; default is m = "none").
W	weights (only for weighted estimations). Warning: For weighted panel models R can report different R-square than Stata, leading deviation between R and Stata results.
id	Name of the individual id variable (e.g. firm or farm; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
time	Name of the time id variable (e.g. year or month; as string). Only applicable for fixed effect panel models.
beta	beta for which delta*s should be estimated (default is beta = $0$ ).
type	Model type (either <i>lm</i> or <i>plm</i> ; as string).
data	Dataset.

#### **Details**

Estimates and visualizes delta\*s, i.e., the degree of selection on unobservables relative to observables (with respect to the treatment variable) that would be necessary to eliminate the result (following Oster 2019) over a range of maximum R-squares. The range of maximum R-squares starts from the R-square of the controlled model rounded up to the next 1/100 to 1. The function supports linear cross-sectional (see *lm* objects in R) and fixed effect panel (see *plm* objects in R) models.

#### Value

Returns ggplot2 object, which depicts delta\*s over a range of maximum R-squares.

# o\_delta\_rsq\_viz

# References

Oster, E. (2019). Unobservable Selection and Coefficient Stability: Theory and Evidence. Journal of Business & Economic Statistics, 37, 187-204.

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